

*MATH252-09B – Elements of Analysis*

TEST 1

Wednesday 19 August 2009 - (55 mins) – Answer ALL questions

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1. Give definitions and statements for

(a)  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} a_n = L$ ,

(b) Abel's test for series divergence,

(c) the integral test for series convergence,

(d)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow a^+} f(x) = +\infty$ .

2. Give the statement of the least upper bound axiom for the real numbers. Assume that if  $(a_n)$  is an decreasing sequence which is bounded below, then  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} a_n$  exists as a finite real number to show that if  $0 < c < 1$  and  $a_n = c^n$  for  $n = 1, 2, 3$ , then  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} a_n = 0$ .

3. Let  $\lim_{x \rightarrow a^+} f(x) = L$  and  $\lim_{x \rightarrow a^+} g(x) = M$ . Prove, using  $\varepsilon$  and  $\delta_\varepsilon$ , that  $\lim_{x \rightarrow a^+} (f(x) + g(x)) = L + M$ .

4. (a) If  $a_n = \frac{4n+1}{2n+1}$  is a sequence, use  $\varepsilon$  and  $N_\varepsilon$  to prove that  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} a_n = 2$  by, given  $\varepsilon > 0$ , finding an explicit  $N_\varepsilon$ . Then prove this result by using limit theorems.

(b) Using D'Alembert's limit test or otherwise, show that  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2^n}{n!}$  converges.

5. Let  $f(x) = 2x + \frac{1}{x}$ . Given  $\varepsilon > 0$ , find  $\delta_\varepsilon > 0$  so that  $|x-1| < \delta_\varepsilon \Rightarrow |f(x) - f(1)| < \varepsilon$ .

Hence show  $f$  is continuous at  $x=1$ . Discuss the behaviour of  $f(x)$  near  $x=0$  and as  $x \rightarrow +\infty$ .

Sketch the graph of  $f$ .